119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	•
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To amend section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 to limit liability protection under that section for certain social media platforms, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Curtis (for himself and Mr. Kelly) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

To amend section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 to limit liability protection under that section for certain social media platforms, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Algorithm Account-
- 5 ability Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY PROTECTION FOR CER-
- 7 TAIN SOCIAL MEDIA PLATFORMS.
- 8 (a) In General.—Section 230 of the Communica-
- 9 tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsection (f) as sub-
2	section (g); and
3	(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(f) Algorithmic Product Design Account-
6	ABILITY.—
7	"(1) Duty of care in algorithmic de-
8	SIGN.—
9	"(A) In general.—A provider of a social
10	media platform shall exercise reasonable care in
11	the design, training, testing, deployment, oper-
12	ation, and maintenance of a recommendation-
13	based algorithm on the social media platform to
14	prevent bodily injury or death described in sub-
15	paragraph (B) that a reasonable and prudent
16	person would agree was—
17	"(i) reasonably foreseeable by the pro-
18	vider; and
19	"(ii) attributable, in whole or in part,
20	to the design characteristics or perform-
21	ance of the recommendation-based algo-
22	rithm.
23	"(B) Covered bodily injury or
24	DEATH.—Bodily injury or death described in
25	this subparagraph, with respect to a social

1	media platform, is bodily injury to or the death
2	of a user of the social media platform, or bodily
3	injury or death inflicted by a user of the social
4	media platform upon another person, that
5	arises from the operation of the recommenda-
6	tion-based algorithm.
7	"(C) Exception.—
8	"(i) In general.—Subparagraph (A)
9	shall not apply to the ranking, ordering,
10	promotion, recommendation, amplification,
11	or similar curation of content that is effec-
12	tuated—
13	"(I) by sorting information
14	chronologically or reverse chrono-
15	logically; or
16	"(II) to respond to an individual
17	search for content on the social media
18	platform initiated by a user.
19	"(ii) Exception limited to initial
20	SEARCH.—Nothing in clause (i)(II) shall
21	be construed to limit the applicability of
22	subparagraph (A) to a provider of a social
23	media platform, with respect to the activi-
24	ties of a recommendation-based algorithm,
25	after a user of the social media platform

1	navigates beyond the initially populated
2	search results.
3	"(D) First amendment protections.—
4	Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall be construed
5	to authorize the Commission to enforce that
6	subparagraph based on the viewpoint of a user
7	of a social media platform or of an information
8	content provider expressed by or through any
9	speech, expression, or information protected by
10	the First Amendment to the Constitution of the
11	United States.
12	"(2) Enforcement.—
13	"(A) Loss of liability protection.—
14	Subsection (c)(1) shall not apply to a provider
15	of a social media platform that violates para-
16	graph (1)(A) of this subsection.
17	"(B) Private right of action.—If a
18	person suffers bodily injury or death as the re-
19	sult of a violation of paragraph (1)(A) by the
20	provider of a social media platform, and the
21	bodily injury or death meets the requirements
22	under clauses (i) and (ii) of that paragraph and
23	paragraph (1)(B), the person or, in the case of
24	a minor or disabled person who suffers a bodily
25	injury or any person who dies, the legal rep-

1	resentative of such a person, may bring a civi
2	action in a district court of the United States
3	of competent jurisdiction against the provider
4	for compensatory and punitive damages.
5	"(3) Invalidity of predispute agreements
6	AND WAIVERS.—
7	"(A) In general.—No predispute arbitra-
8	tion agreement or predispute joint-action waiver
9	(as those terms are defined in section 401 or
10	title 9, United States Code) shall be valid or en-
11	forceable with respect to a dispute arising
12	under this subsection.
13	"(B) APPLICABILITY.—Any determination
14	as to the scope or manner of applicability of
15	subparagraph (A) shall be made by a court
16	rather than an arbitrator, without regard to
17	whether an agreement described in that sub-
18	paragraph purports to delegate such determina-
19	tion to an arbitrator.
20	"(4) Relationship to other laws.—Noth-
21	ing in this subsection or any regulation promulgated
22	thereunder shall be construed to prohibit or other
23	wise affect the enforcement of any Federal law or
24	regulation or State law or regulation that is at least
25	as protective of users of social media platforms as

1	this subsection and the regulations promulgated
2	thereunder.
3	"(5) Severability.—If any provision of this
4	subsection or the application of such provision to
5	any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitu-
6	tional, the remainder of this subsection and the ap-
7	plication of the provision to any other person or cir-
8	cumstance shall not be affected.
9	"(6) Definitions .—In this subsection:
10	"(A) RECOMMENDATION-BASED ALGO-
11	RITHM.—The term 'recommendation-based al-
12	gorithm' means, with respect to a user of a so-
13	cial media platform, a fully or partially auto-
14	mated system used to rank, order, promote, rec-
15	ommend, amplify, or similarly curate content,
16	including other users, hashtags, or posts, based
17	on the personal data of the user, including the
18	preferences, interests, behavior, or characteris-
19	tics of the user.
20	"(B) SOCIAL MEDIA PLATFORM.—The
21	term 'social media platform'—
22	"(i) means a for-profit interactive
23	computer service that—
24	"(I) permits a user to establish
25	an account or create a profile for the

1	purpose of allowing the user to create,
2	share, or view content through the ac-
3	count or profile; and
4	"(II) primarily serves as a service
5	through which a user described in
6	subclause (I) interacts with content;
7	and
8	"(ii) does not include an interactive
9	computer service—
10	"(I) that serves fewer than
11	1,000,000 registered users;
12	"(II) that is—
13	"(aa) an email program;
14	"(bb) an email distribution
15	list;
16	"(cc) a wireless messaging
17	service; or
18	"(dd) an online messaging
19	service, the predominant or ex-
20	clusive function of which is direct
21	messaging, meaning messages
22	are transmitted from the sender
23	to a recipient and not posted
24	within the interactive computer
25	service or publicly;

I	(III) that is a private platform
2	or messaging service used by an entity
3	solely to communicate with others em-
4	ployed by or affiliated with the entity;
5	"(IV) that is a teleconferencing
6	or video conferencing service that al-
7	lows reception and transmission of
8	audio or video signals for real-time
9	communication, provided that the
10	real-time communication is initiated
11	by using a unique link or identifier to
12	facilitate access; or
13	"(V) that is an internet-based
14	platform whose primary purpose is—
15	"(aa) to allow users to post
16	product reviews, business reviews,
17	or travel information and re-
18	views;
19	"(bb) internet commerce,
20	which may include providing a
21	comment section;
22	"(ce) to allow users to
23	stream music, audiobooks, or
24	podeasts; or

1	"(dd) news or sports cov
2	erage.".
3	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1) Trademark act of 1946.—Section 45 of
5	the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registra-
6	tion and protection of trademarks used in commerce
7	to carry out the provisions of certain international
8	conventions, and for other purposes", approved July
9	5, 1946 (commonly known as the "Trademark Ac
10	of 1946") (15 U.S.C. 1127), is amended, in the defi-
11	nition relating to the term "Internet", by striking
12	"section 230(f)(1) of the Communications Act of
13	1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)(1))" and inserting "section
14	230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C
15	230)".
16	(2) Title 18, united states code.—Section
17	2421A of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
18	ed—
19	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "(as such
20	term is defined in defined in section 230(f) the
21	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C
22	230(f)))" and inserting "(as that term is de-
23	fined in section 230 of the Communications Act
24	of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230))"; and

1 (B) in subsection (b), by striking "(as such 2 term is defined in defined in section 230(f) the 3 Communications Act of 1934 (47) U.S.C. 230(f)))" and inserting "(as that term is de-4 5 fined in section 230 of the Communications Act 6 of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230)". 7 (3) Webb-kenyon act.—Section 3(b)(1) of 8 the Act entitled "An Act divesting intoxicating liq-9 uors of their interstate character in certain cases", 10 approved March 1, 1913 (commonly known as the 11 "Webb-Kenyon Act") (27 U.S.C. 122b(b)(1)), is amended by striking "(as defined in section 230(f) 12 13 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 14 230(f))" and inserting "(as defined in section 230 of 15 the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230))". 16 (4) TITLE 31, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 17 5362(6) of title 31, United States Code, is amended 18 by striking "section 230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f))" and inserting "sec-19 20 tion 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 21 U.S.C. 230)".